Achievement Standard 2.7 - Mark Schedule

| Question number | Answer |  |  |  | Achievement | Achievement with Merit | Achievement with Excellence |
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| 1 (a) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { i) }+7 \\ & \text { ii) }+6 \\ & \text { iii) }+5 \\ & \text { iv) }+5 \\ & \text { v) }+1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 4 correct |  |  |
| 1(b) |  | Species | Oxidation Number change | Reduction/ oxidation | 6 lines correct | All correct |  |
|  | i | $\mathrm{Cu} \rightarrow \mathrm{Cu}^{2+}$ | $0 \rightarrow 2$ | Oxidation |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{Ag}^{+} \rightarrow \mathrm{Ag}$ | $1 \rightarrow 0$ | Reduction |  |  |  |
|  | ii | $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+} \boldsymbol{\rightarrow} \mathrm{Fe}^{3+}$ | $2 \rightarrow 3$ | Oxidation |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{O}^{2-}$ | $0 \rightarrow-2$ | Reduction |  |  |  |
|  | iii | $\mathrm{Sn} \rightarrow \mathrm{Sn}^{2+}$ | $0 \rightarrow 2$ | Oxidation |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{H}^{+} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2}$ | $1 \rightarrow 0$ | Reduction |  |  |  |
|  | iv | $\mathrm{Al} \rightarrow \mathrm{Al}^{3+}$ | $0 \rightarrow 3$ | Oxidation |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{Fe}^{3+} \rightarrow \mathrm{Fe}$ | $3 \rightarrow 0$ | Reduction |  |  |  |


| 2 (a) |  | 4 correct half equations | 2 correct full equations with correct observations | 3 correct full equations with correct observations for 2, linked to correct species. |
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| 2 (b) | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{ll} \mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{-}+8 \mathrm{H}^{+}+5 \mathrm{e}^{-} & \rightarrow \mathrm{Mn}^{2+}+4 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \\ & \rightarrow \mathrm{O}_{2}+2 \mathrm{H}^{+}+2 \mathrm{e}^{-} \end{array} \\ & \underline{\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}} \quad \begin{array}{l} 2 \mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{-}+6 \mathrm{H}^{+}+5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Mn}^{2+}+8 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \end{array}+5 \mathrm{O}_{2} \\ & \mathrm{MnO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{Mn}^{2+} \text { Purple to colourless } \\ & \mathrm{MnO}_{4} \\ & \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{O}_{2} \quad \text { Liquid to gas } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 2 (c) | $\left.\begin{array}{ll}\begin{array}{l}\mathrm{Cl}_{2}+2 \mathrm{e}^{-} \\ \mathrm{Fe}^{2+}\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\boldsymbol{\rightarrow} \mathrm{Cl}^{-} \\ \boldsymbol{\rightarrow} \mathrm{Fe}^{3+}+\mathrm{e}^{-}\end{array} \\ \mathrm{Cl}_{2}+2 \mathrm{Fe}^{2+} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Cl}^{-}+2 \mathrm{Fe}^{3+}\end{array}\right]$ <br> $\mathrm{Cl}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{Cl}^{-}$ <br> $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+} \rightarrow \mathrm{Fe}^{3+} \quad$Pale green gas to colourless liquid <br> Pale green to orange |  |  |  |
| 3 (a) | $$ | Correct, but waters and hydrogen ions left in final equation | Correct final equation. |  |
| 3 (b) | $\mathrm{Cr}^{3+}+3 \mathrm{e}-\mathrm{Cr}$ | Correct |  |  |
| 3 (c) | $6 \mathrm{e}^{-}+\mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}{ }^{2-}+14 \mathrm{H}^{+}$ $\rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Cr}^{3+}+7 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ <br> $\mathrm{C}_{2} \underline{H}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ $\rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2}+4 \mathrm{H}^{+}+4 \mathrm{e}^{-}$ <br> $2 \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}^{2-}+16 \mathrm{H}^{+}+3 \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{O}$ $\rightarrow 4 \mathrm{Cr}^{3+}+11 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+3 \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ |  | Correct half equations | Correct final equation in lowest denominations |


| 4 (a) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Anode }=(+) \mathrm{ve} \\ & \text { Cathode }=(-) \text { ve } \end{aligned}$ | Correct |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 (b) | To attract the positive chromium cations to it so that they can pick up electrons and become chromium, coating the jewelry. <br> The anode will slowly dissolve replacing the $\mathrm{Cr}^{3+}$ ions in solution. So connecting the jewelry here will cause the jewelry to dissolve. | So it will be coated with chromium | To attract the positive chromium ions to it. | Merit plus jewelry will dissolve as an anode. |
| 4 (c) | No <br> As there would be no mobile charge carriers to complete the circuit. <br> There would be no $\mathrm{Cr}^{3+}$ ions to be attracted to the jewelry. | No. As there would be no charge carriers | Achieved plus no $\mathrm{Cr}^{3+}$ ions |  |
| 4 (d) | The anode gets smaller The cathode gets bigger and shinier as it is coated in chromium. | 1 observation |  |  |
| 4 (e) | No <br> As the chromium electrode is oxidised to $\mathrm{Cr}^{3+}$ ions itself and this replaces the $\mathrm{Cr}^{3+}$ that is reduced to Cr at the cathode. | No | Indicates an understanding that the electrode replaces it. | Full explanation including reduction and oxidation |
| 4 (f) | Cathode $\mathrm{Cr}^{3+}+3 \mathrm{e}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{Cr}$  Reduction <br> Anode $\mathrm{Cr} \rightarrow \mathrm{Cr}^{3+}+3 \mathrm{e}^{-}$ Oxidation | Correct equations, but reduction at Anode and vice versa | Correct |  |
| 5 (a) | - In this pH range, maximum HOCl is available to carry out its sanitizing effects. <br> - Because below 6 chlorine is formed, which is toxic to humans. | Identifies optimum range from graph. | Comments on production of toxic Chlorine. |  |


| $5(\mathrm{~b})$ | $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}+2 \mathrm{e}^{-} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Cl}^{-}$ <br> $\frac{\mathrm{Fe} \rightarrow \mathrm{Fe}^{3+}+3 \mathrm{e}^{-}}{2 \mathrm{Fe}+3 \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{FeCl}_{3}}$ | 2 half equations | Fully balanced ionic <br> equation |  |
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| $5(\mathrm{c})$ | Oxidising agent | Correct |  |  |

## Sufficiency statement:

ACHIEVED 8 opportunities out of the 14, at achieved or higher.
MERIT
EXCELLENCE Achieved plus 5 opportunities out of the 10 , at merit or higher.
Merit plus 2 opportunities out of the 4 , at excellence.

