

Question One- Complete the table

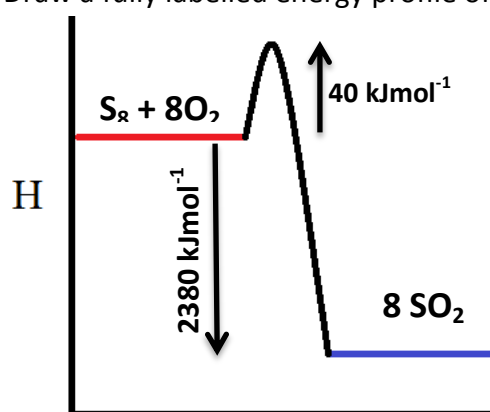
Reaction	Exo / endo	$\Delta H + / -$
Burning sulfur	Exothermic	-
Water boiling	Endothermic	+
Photosynthesis	Endothermic	+
Respiration	Exothermic	-
Bond breaking	Endothermic	+
Bond making	Exothermic	-

Question Two

Burning sulfur is an exothermic reaction with an activation energy barrier of 40 kJ



Draw a fully labelled energy profile of the reaction



Calculate the amount of energy released when 1.60 g of sulfur is burnt

$$1.60 \text{ g} \div 256.8 \text{ g mol}^{-1} = 0.006231 \text{ mol of S}_8$$

$$\text{S}_8 : \text{reaction} = 1 : 1$$

$$\text{Amount of reaction} = 0.006231 \text{ mol}$$

$$0.006231 \text{ mol} \times 2380 \text{ kJmol}^{-1} = 14.8 \text{ kJ (3 s.f.)}$$

14.8 kJ of energy is released when 1.60 g of sulfur is burnt

What is the mass of sulfur is needed to release 3400 kJ of energy?

$$3400 \text{ kJ} \div 2380 \text{ kJmol}^{-1} = 1.428571 \text{ mol of reaction}$$

$$\text{reaction} : \text{S}_8 = 1 : 1$$

$$\text{Amount of S}_8 = 1.428571 \text{ mol}$$

$$1.428571 \text{ mol} \times 256.8 \text{ g mol}^{-1} = 367 \text{ g (3 s.f.)}$$

367 g of sulfur is needed to release 3400 kJ of energy